

Counts as a canvas assignment in grading. **Due Tuesday March 28 at Midnight.** Can turn into me in person before 5pm, otherwise upload a scan or word/pdf version to canvas by the deadline.

Question 1

Go to Trade in Value Added (TiVA) website.

http://stats.oecd.org/Index.aspx?DataSetCode=TIVA2015_C1

Look at CONS_VASH: Value Added Share of Total Consumption, by Source Country and Industry

Indicator	CONS_VASH: Value added share of total consumption, by source country and industry
Industry	CTOTAL: TOTAL
Partner	USA: United States
Unit	Percentage

1.1) What percent of final consumption in the US is value added with the U.S. as the source country in 1995 and 2011?

	1995	2011
US Value Added Share for US Final Consumption		

1.2) What percent of U.S. final consumption is value added with China as the source country in 1995 and 2011?

	1995	2011
China Value Added Share for US Final Consumption		

1.3) What percent of U.S. final consumption in textiles is value added with China as the source country in 1995 and 2011?

	1995	2011
China Value Added Share for US Final Consumption in Textiles		

1.4) Suppose the trade elasticity is 3 (we haven't discussed how to estimate this yet, but we will shortly). Compute welfare changes with your data from 1.1:

$$\Delta \text{Welfare} = \left(\frac{\text{Domestic Expenditure Share in 2011}}{\text{Domestic Expenditure Share in 1995}} \right)^{\frac{-1}{\text{Trade Elasticity}}}$$

How much did welfare increase/decrease according to trade from this simple measure?

1.5) Suppose that instead of using value added we just used exports/GDP. Exports/GDP went from 10.6% of GDP to 13.6% of GDP over 1995 to 2011. What is the change in welfare if we say domestic expenditure share is $1 - \text{Exports/GDP}$?

Question 2

Now, go to bea.gov website and navigate to the NIPA tables. [BEA -> Interactive Data -> Begin Using the Data -> Domestic Product and Income]

For each part below I will give the table that we are looking at. We will be downloading data for 1995 and 2011. [To see the data for those years, select Modify -> Annual -> First Year = 1995 and Last Year = 2011 -> Refresh Table]. Look at the Personal Consumption Expenditures Line

2.1) Go to Table 1.1.5 Gross Domestic Product. Look at the **Personal Consumption Expenditures Line**. What was the value of personal consumption expenditures in 1995 and 2011 in billions of dollars?

	1995	2011
Personal Consumption Expenditures In Billions of USD (current prices)		

2.2) Go to Table 1.10 Gross Domestic Product by Types of Income. Look at the **Compensation of employees, paid** line. What was the value of consumption paid to employees in 1995 and 2011 in billions of dollars?

	1995	2011
Compensation of Employees, paid, In Billions of USD (current prices)		

2.3) Go to Table 1.1.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product. Look at the Index on the lines for Personal consumption expenditures. What was the value of the PCE Price Index in 1995 and 2011?

	1995	2011
Price Index (2009 = 100) for Personal Consumption Expenditures		

2.4) Lastly, Use this table to get median usual earnings for workers in the U.S. ages 16 and over in 1995 and 2011 <https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/release/tables?rid=332&eid=46626&od=2011-01-01#>

	1995	2011
Weekly Wages of Median Worker in the United States, Age 16+		

2.5) Compute Welfare change for “average” person in U.S. between 1995 and 2011 using the income and price indices for 2011 and 1995.

$$\Delta\text{Welfare} = \left(\frac{\text{Income in 2011}}{\text{CPI in 2011}} \right) / \left(\frac{\text{Income in 1995}}{\text{CPI in 1995}} \right)$$

$\Delta\text{Welfare Avg Consumption} =$

$\Delta\text{Welfare Avg Compensation} =$

$\Delta\text{Welfare Median Wages} =$

For which group does welfare increase the most? Does any group experience a decrease in welfare?

2.6) Now suppose that we expect technological progress to lead to a 2% average increase in welfare per year for the whole economy. How much would we expect welfare to grow between 2011 and 1995?

2.7) What is the ratio of “actual welfare change” from 2.5 to “expected welfare change” from 2.6. Did any groups experience less welfare growth than expected?

$$\frac{\Delta\text{Welfare Avg Consumption}}{\Delta\text{Welfare Expected}} =$$

$$\frac{\Delta\text{Welfare Avg Compensation}}{\Delta\text{Welfare Expected}} =$$

$$\frac{\Delta\text{Welfare Median Wages}}{\Delta\text{Welfare Expected}} =$$